

A Series of Serendipitous Events: The Winding Path Toward Digital Literacy

Richard E. Snow Award for Early Contributions



Jeffrey A. Greene



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Past Richard E. Snow Award Recipients

2015 George Georgiou

2014 Krista Muis

2013 Kou Murayama

2012 Akane Zusho

2011 Robert Klassen

2010 Lisa Linnenbrink-
Garcia

2009 Maarten Vansteenkiste

2008 Allison Ryan

2007 Carol Connor

2006 Mimi Bong

2002 Andrew Elliot

2001 Clark Chinn

2000 Eric Anderman

1999 Frank Pajares



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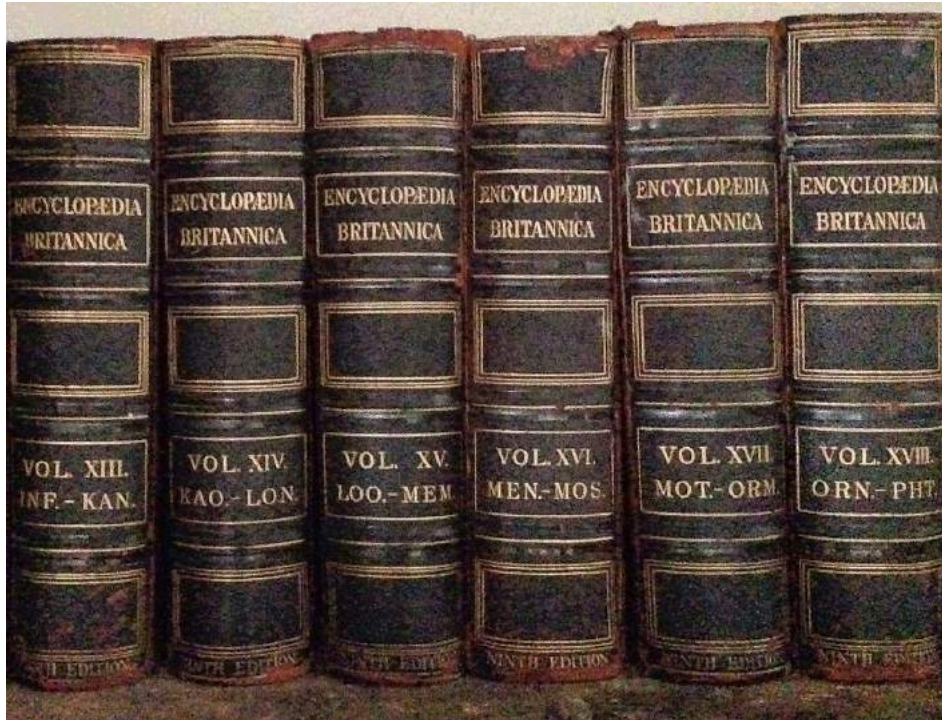
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Image BBS SubSystems:
BB...BBS Listings
EM...Electronic Mail (E-Mail)
MF...Movie Files
NF...News Files (System News)
PF...Program Files (On-Line Games)
RF...RLE Files (Hi-Res Graphics)
SB...Subboards (Message Base)
TF...Text Files
UD...Upload Download Libraries
UL...User Listing
UX...Full Disk Exchange Libraries
VB...Voting Booth

More?: Yes!

Other Available Commands
C...Chat Request (Call Sysop)
F...Feedback (Mail to Sysop)
CF...This BBS Configuration
  
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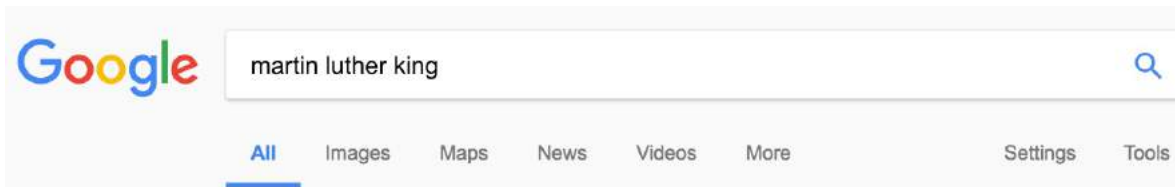
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About 106,000,000 results (1.02 seconds)

Martin Luther King Jr. - Wikipedia

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Martin_Luther_King_Jr. ▼

Martin Luther King Jr was an American Baptist minister and activist who became the most visible spokesperson and leader in the Civil Rights Movement.

[James Earl Ray](#) · [Assassination of Martin Luther](#) · [Coretta Scott King](#) · [Yolanda King](#)

Martin Luther King Jr. - Biography - Nobelprize.org

www.nobelprize.org/nobel_prizes/peace/laureates/1964/king-bio.html ▼

Martin Luther King, Jr., (January 15, 1929-April 4, 1968) was born Michael Luther King, Jr., but later had his name changed to Martin. His grandfather began the ...

Martin Luther King Jr. - Minister, Civil Rights Activist - Biography.com

<https://www.biography.com/people/martin-luther-king-jr-9365086> ▼

Jun 29, 2017 - Martin Luther King Jr. changed his name from Michael to Martin after his father adopted the name Martin in honor of the Protestant leader Martin Luther. ... Martin Luther King Jr. was a Baptist minister and social activist, who led the Civil Rights Movement in the United States from ...

About Dr. King | The Martin Luther King Jr. Center for Nonviolent ...

www.thekingcenter.org/about-dr-king ▼

Born at noon on Tuesday, January 15, 1929 at the family home in Atlanta, Martin Luther King, Jr. was the first son and second child born to the Reverend Martin ...

Martin Luther King Jr. - Black History - HISTORY.com

www.history.com/topics/black-history/martin-luther-king-jr ▼

Martin Luther King Jr. (1929-1968) was a Baptist minister and social activist who played a key role in the American civil rights movement from the mid-1950s until ...

Martin Luther King Jr. - A True Historical Examination

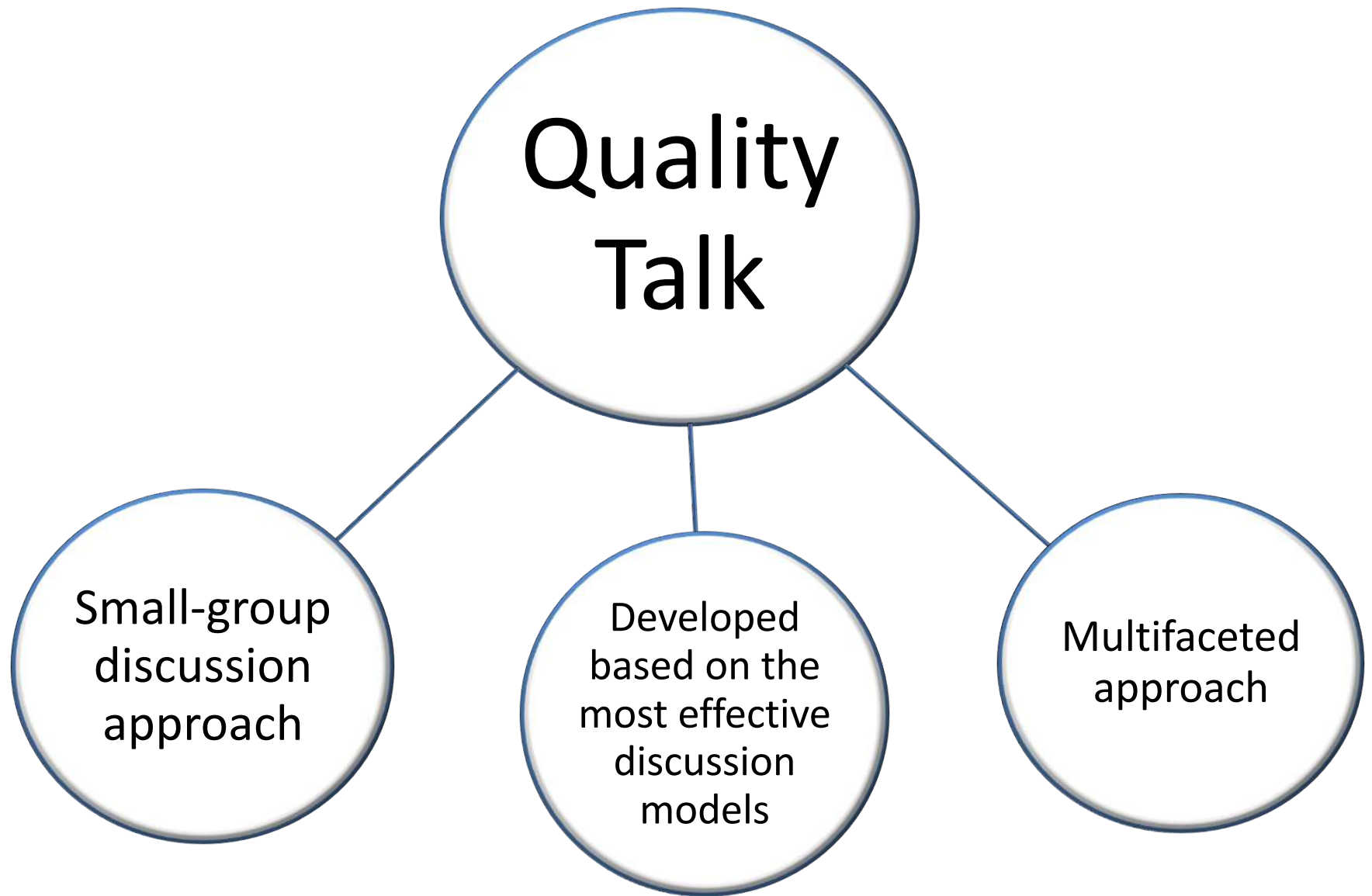
<https://www.martinlutherking.org/> ▼

The truth about Martin Luther King: Includes historical trivia, articles and pictures. A valuable resource for teachers and students alike.



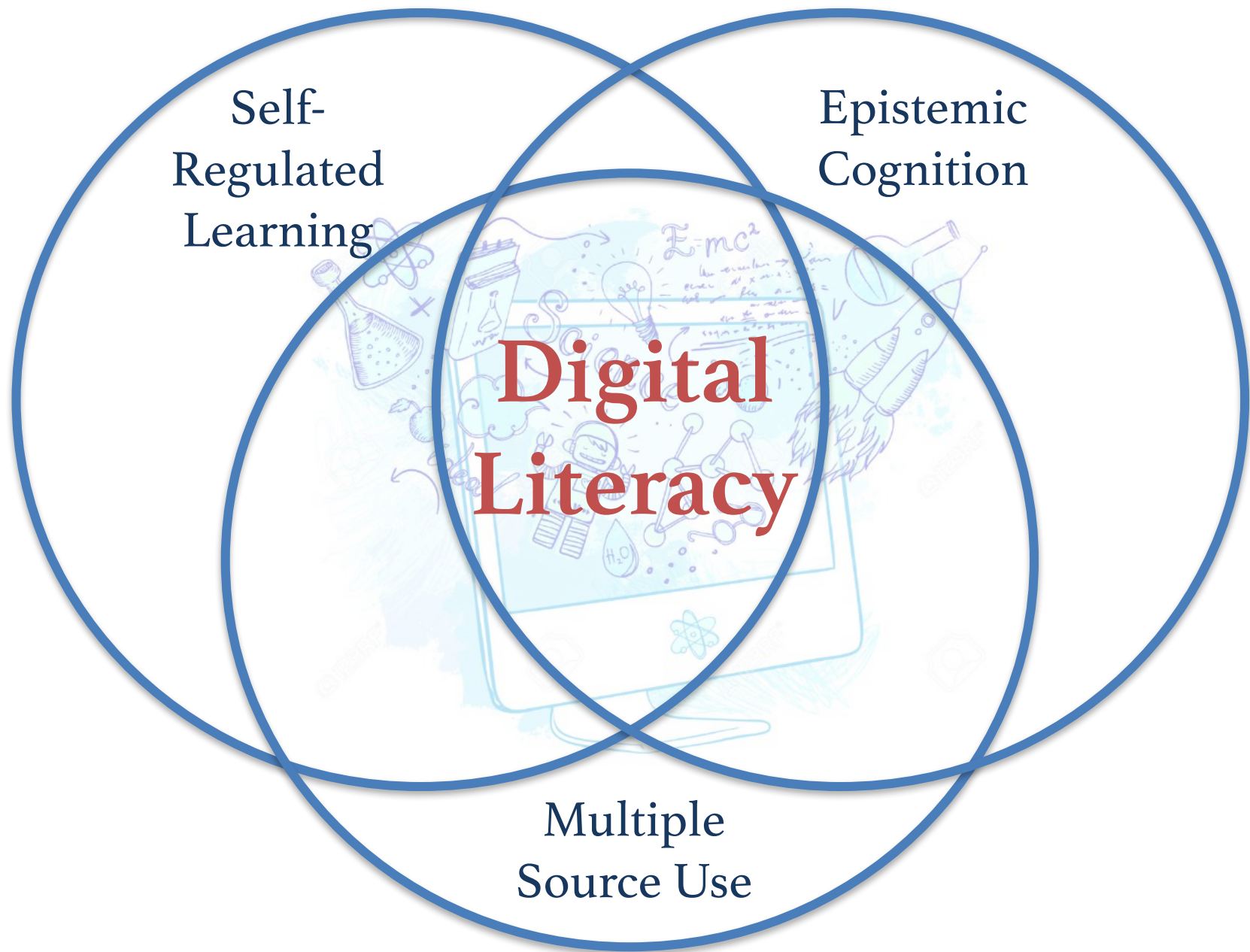
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NOT ALL WHO
Wander
ARE LOST



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call it a clan,
call it a network,
call it a tribe,
call it a family.
whatever you call it,
whoever you are,
you need one.



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FIRST
LEARN
THE
RULES

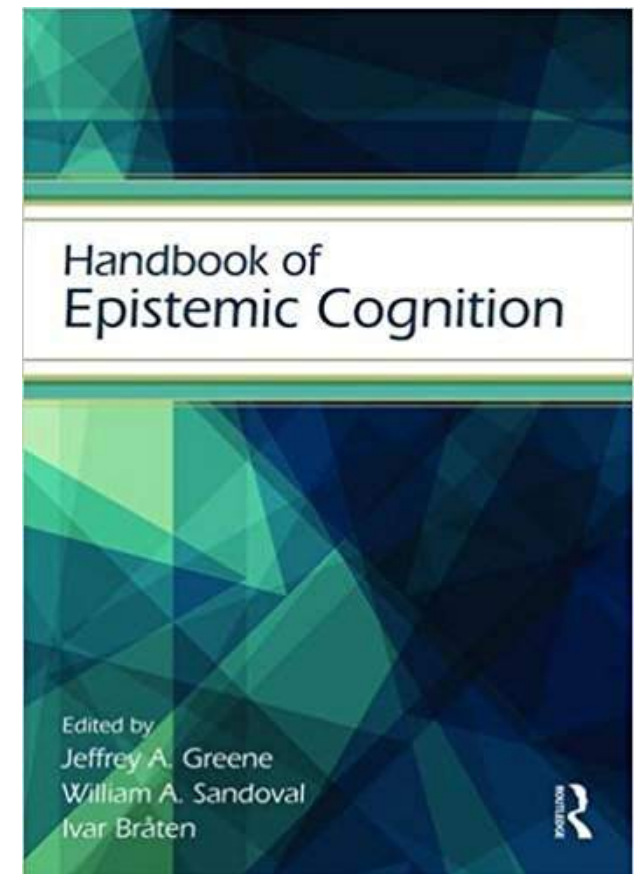
X X X

THEN
BREAK
THEM



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A *P* value measures whether an observed result is likely to be due to chance. It answers the researcher's real question: what are the odds that the observed result was due to chance? The stronger the result was and, most importantly, the larger the sample size, the smaller the *P* value.

The plausibility of the hypothesis — the odds of it being true — can be estimated from previous experiments, conjectured mechanisms and other expert knowledge. Three examples are shown here.

A value of 0.05 is conventionally deemed 'statistically significant'; a value of 0.01 is considered 'very significant'.

A small *P* value can make a hypothesis more plausible, but the difference may not be dramatic.

- Chance of real effect
- Chance of no real effect

1-to-1 odds

50%

$P = 0.01$

 $\alpha = 0.01$

$P = 0.01$

89%
no rea

45

99%

1%





1. Theory
2. Context
3. Design
4. Measurement
5. Analysis
6. Internal and external coherence



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METHODS MATTER

Improving Causal Inference
in Educational and Social
Science Research

Richard J. Murnane
John B. Willett

OXFORD

MARRIAGE vs. The Ph.D.

Marriage



Typical Length:

7.5 years

Begins with:

A proposal

Culminates in a
ceremony where you
walk down an aisle
dressed in a gown:



Usually entered
into by:

Foolish young
people in love

50% end in:

Bitter divorce

Involves
exchange of:

Vows

Ph.D.



7 years

A thesis proposal



Foolish young people
without a job

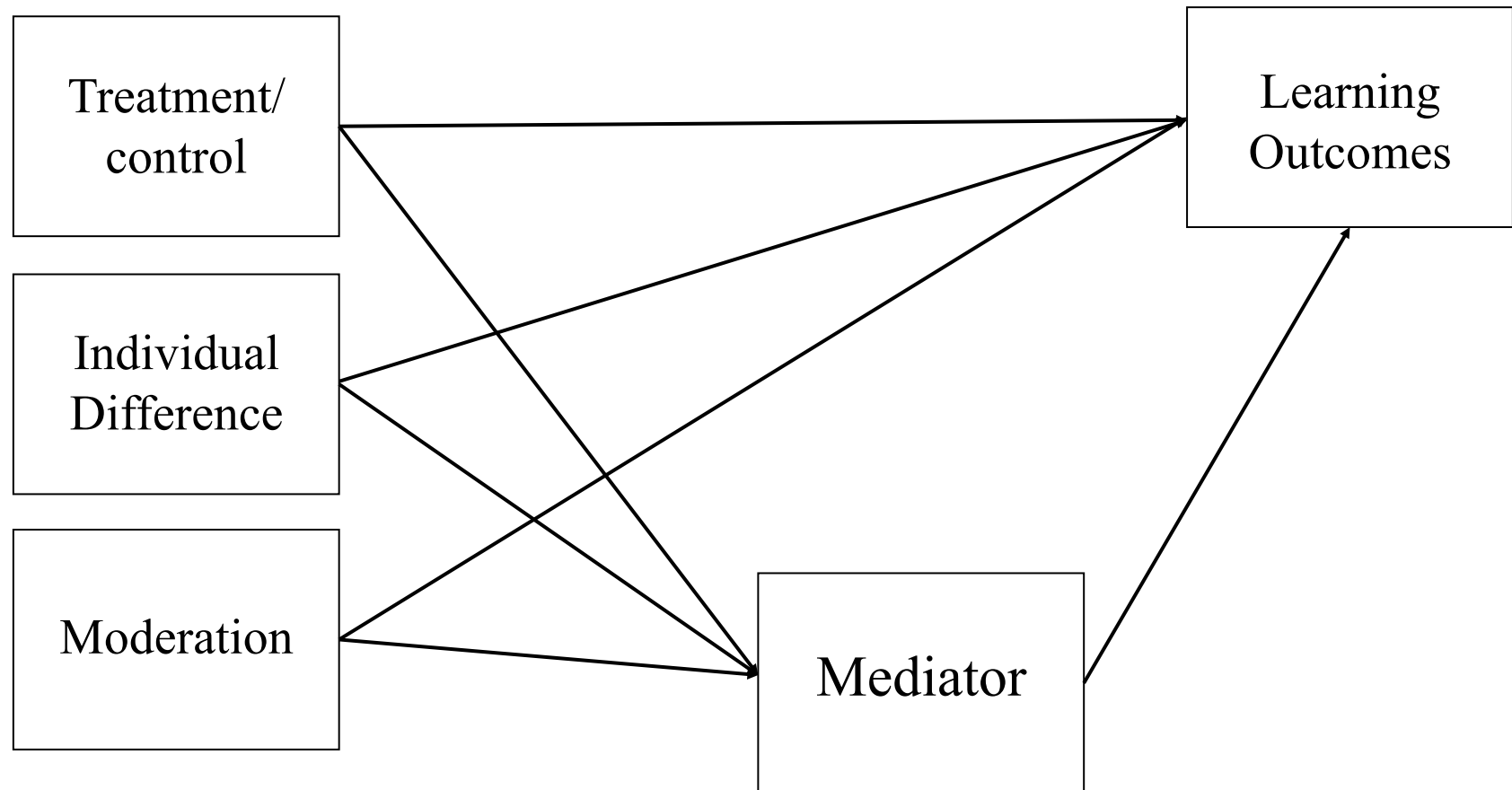
Bitter remorse

Know-how



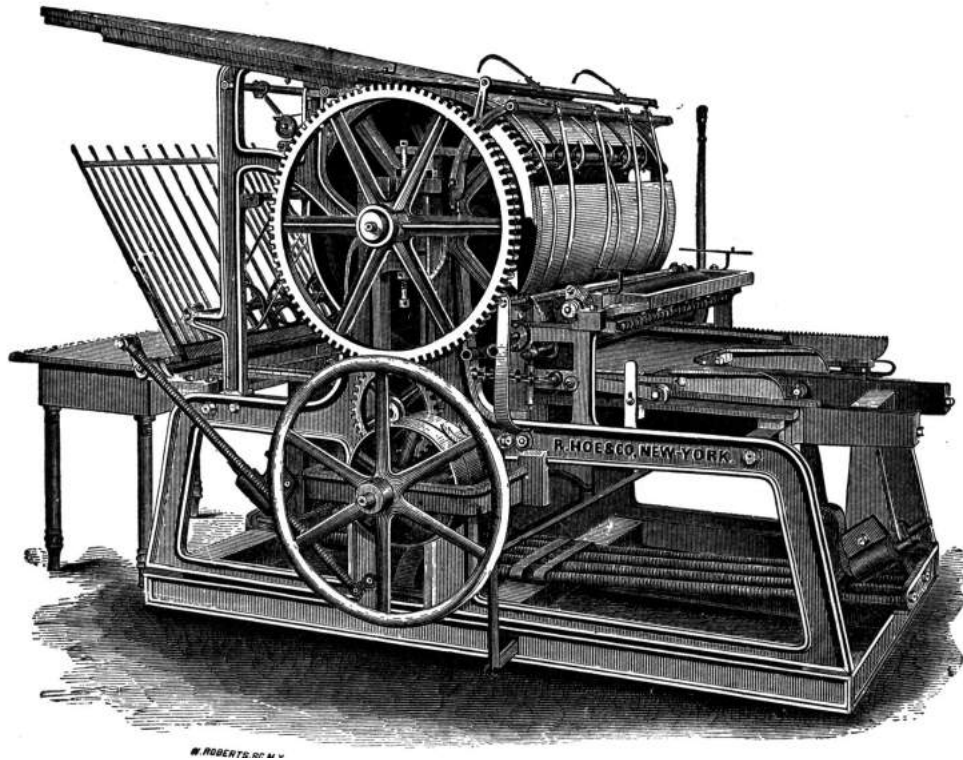
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bility of leisure) arising from trouble back home. It is not clear how one can speak meaningfully about constraints to the leisure found in such variant experiences without first identifying what sort of leisure experience – or, if one wishes, what sort of leisure *behavior* – is being constrained. There is, in the latter case, the necessity of explaining what counts as “leisure,” and what counts as “behavior,” without even venturing into the question of whether a behavioral orientation remains viable after the eclipse of behaviorism (cf. Graham, 2005).

Perhaps in recognition of such concerns, Jackson and Scott (1999) began by indicating that they would examine an arbitrarily narrowed concept of constraints, using “a much narrower net” (p. 301); yet their discussion turned, soon enough, back in the direction of “broadening the range of criterion variables” (p. 305) and considering “new types of constraints” (p. 306). Such remarks evoke acute awareness that the relevant dimensions of leisure may grow ^{apart?} as the inquiry progresses. The apparently necessary taxonomy of “constrained” leisure experiences or behaviors threatens tedium of a magnitude sufficient to daunt even an accountant. 😊

What is actually going on here? One wants to know why people do, or do not, experience or participate in some form of leisure – or, for that matter, in any form of activity. But *of course* that is what one wishes to know; it is, in various guises, what the whole world has been wanting to know since the dawn of time. It is an understatement to suggest – as Jackson and Scott (1999, p. 299) say political scientist Ralf Dahrendorf (1995) does – that constraint is the key to social science. Constraint, construed as the capacity to control human behavior and/or experience, is (in political terms) the key to *everything*. There just remains the small problem that such capacity, explored dynamically throughout all known dimensions of experience and behavior (including the dimensions of the merely possible and the imaginary), would be far more complicated than the question (regarding e.g., a wall) that one was trying to figure out in the first

good pt -
also
what the
effectiveness

for that
leisure
experience
are

how can
both be?

you're
sound up
now!

ah ha!
yay!
did you
even
locate
the
original?
is this
really
what he
meant?

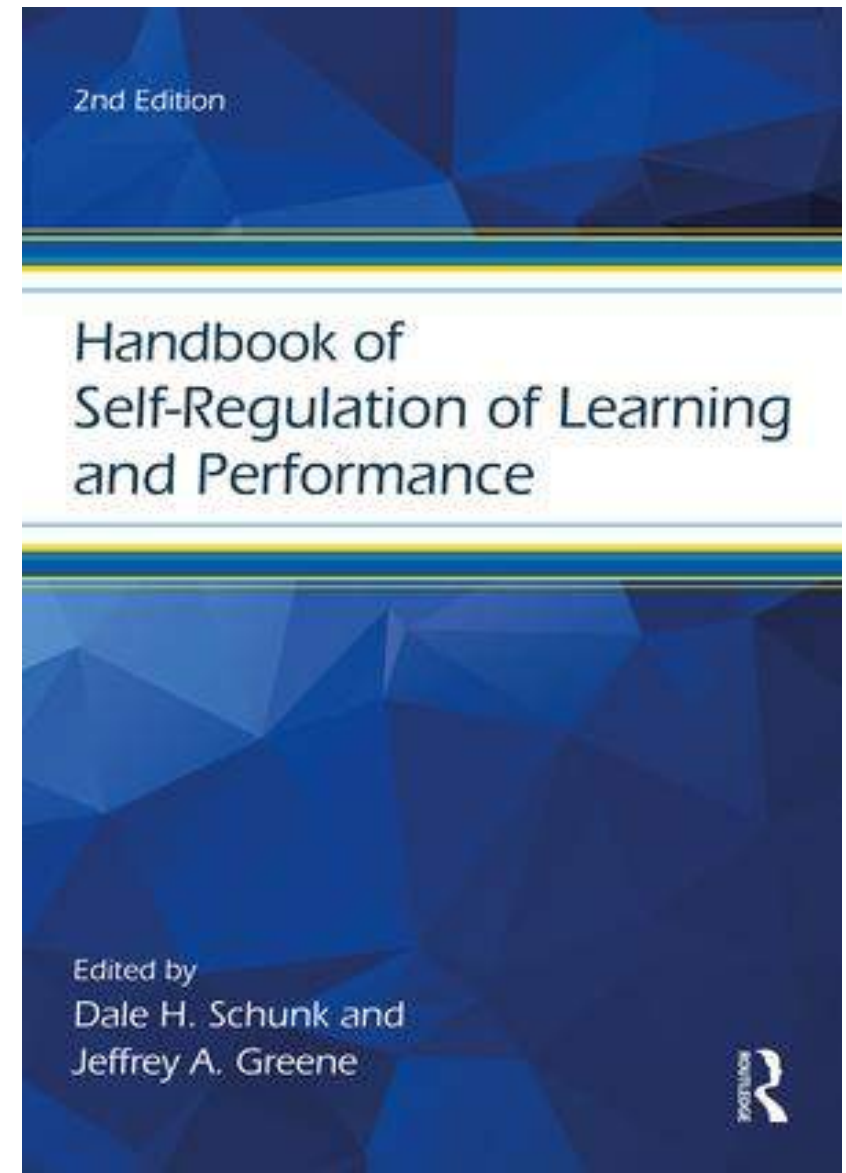
not
sure
where
we
are
going
here.

sanctuary
to
reflect
on
the
world



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Roger Azevedo
Professor in the Department of Psychology
North Carolina State University



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The CLICK Research Group

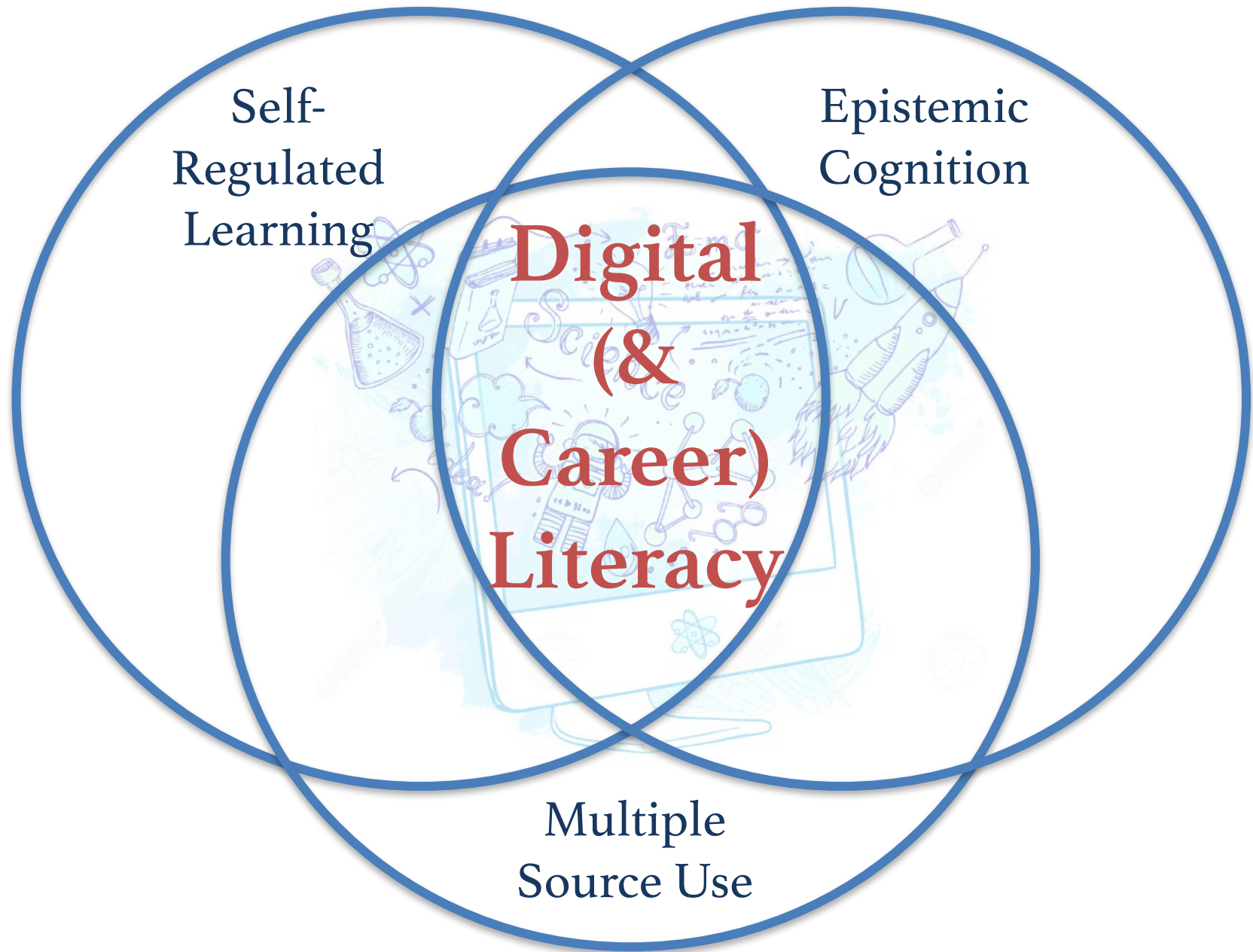
Studying how people Critique, Learn, Inquire, and Construct Knowledge (CLICK) in the modern world.

Search



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Digital and Career Literacy

1. Not all who wander are lost, but keep your eyes open
 - Self-regulated learning
2. Surround yourself with good people, and ask them for help
 - Multiple source use
3. Learn how the work is done
 - Epistemic cognition



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Digital and Career Literacy

4. Methods matter
 - Epistemic cognition
5. Care by being tough, honest, and fair
 - Self-regulated learning
6. Work hard, plan, reflect, push
 - Self-regulated learning



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#frolleagues

when colleagues become friends



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Student Collaborators

- Adrian Bridges
- Amanda Swearingen
- Banu Bisbasaran
- Bekah Duke
- Bekah Freed
- Brendan Hendrick
- Brian Cartiff
- Chris Oswald
- Cristin Montalbano
- Dana Copeland
- Elizabeth Allen
- James Riley
- Jane Robertson
- Kayley Lyons
- Kristin Dellinger
- Lara Costa
- Leigh Anna Hutchison
- Mike Caprino
- Nikki Lobczowski
- Sean Hanlon
- Seung Yu
- Vic Deekens
- William Jackson



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